Estimo

Estimo. Manuale per Ingegneri e Architetti

Il testo si rivolge agli operatori del settore edilizio, immobiliare e territoriale con riguardo ai professionisti architetti, ingegneri, geometri, agronomi e periti edili ai quali è spesso richiesta una competenza economico-estimativa non solo in appoggio alle usuali attività professionali (si pensi ad esempio alla redazione di un computo metrico estimativo di un progetto) ma anche finalizzata ad una autonoma attività professionale che si potrebbe definire dell' «estimatore». Il volume è inoltre pensato per gli studenti delle Facoltà di Ingegneria (civile ed edile) e di Architettura poiché, anche in assenza di specifiche conoscenze «preliminari», lo stesso fornisce i fondamenti necessari all'apprendimento dell' «estimo civile urbano» grazie ad un approccio lineare che, con l'apporto di numerosi esempi, parte dalle basi della teoria dell'estimo per svilupparne e approfondire i contenuti con un piglio didattico e pratico.

Estimo

Through a close study of local demographies and topographies, this study considers patterns of piety, charity and patronage, and by extension, the development of art and architecture in Siena's southern contado during the thirteenth and fourteenth centuries. Garrisoning the Borderlands of Medieval Siena describes Sant'Angelo in Colle as a designated 'castello di frontiera' under the Sienese Government of the Nine (1287-1355), against the background of Siena's military and economic buoyancy during the early fourteenth century. At the same time, mining thoroughly the Tax Record of 1320 and the Boundary Registration of 1318 and presenting a large number of individual records that have not been published before-including wills, tenancy agreements, land exchange and sharecropping contracts-the author constructs a portrait of the people, buildings and surrounding countryside of Sant'Angelo in Colle. Finally, adopting the methodological approach of first considering patterns of ownership of land and property in the context of identifying potential patrons of art, the study considers patterns of piety and charity established in the early fourteenth-century village and the extent to which these affected the development of the urban fabric and the embellishment of key buildings in medieval Sant'Angelo in Colle.

Garrisoning the Borderlands of Medieval Siena

La disciplina Estimativa Immobiliare Urbana e l'Economia Urbanistico-Infrastrutturale-Territoriale, è rivista in questo testo, (pensato quale strumento didattico e compendio professionale), come momento della Scienza Economica della quale utilizza tutti gli strumenti al fine di individuare i valori, espressi in moneta, dei beni stabili. Essa non può non ricomprendere la conoscenza di altre discipline scientifiche quali l'Urbanistica, la Scienza e Tecnica delle Costruzioni, la Matematica, la Statistica, la Sociologia, la Storia Economica, il Diritto, la Cartografia, la Topografia, l'Astronomia, & c. Ciò consente allo studente universitario, all'Architetto, all'Ingegnere, nonché agli Amministratori pubblici e privati, ai risparmiatori, investitori ed intermediari immobiliari, di aggiornare le proprie conoscenze e competenze anche su quei beni economici immobiliari del Territorio e della Città, che avendo spiccati caratteri individuali, mancano di precisi ed attendibili riferimenti di mercato. L'Oggettivizzazione e la Motivazione Probatoria del giudizio di valore è lo scopo principale che il presente testo si prefigge di perseguire, al fine di poter individuare quei valori che escludono le opinioni soggettive, i sentimenti, nonché le passioni dell'estimatore e delle parti interessate.

L'Imposta Prediale Ripartita Sull'Estimo Ossia Calcolazione Predisposta Di Qualunque Rata D'Imposta O Di Sovrimposta Fondiaria Per Qualsiasi Partita D'Estimo Espressa

in Cento Tavole

La disciplina Estimativa Immobiliare Urbana e l'Economia Urbanistico-Territoriale è rivista in questo testo (pensato quale strumento didattico e compendio professionale) come momento della scienza economica della quale utilizza tutti gli strumenti al fine di individuare i valori, espressi in moneta, dei beni stabili. Essa non può non ricomprendere la conoscenza di altre discipline scientifiche quali l'Urbanistica la Scienza e Tecnica delle Costruzioni, la Matematica, la Statistica, la Sociologia, la Storia Economica, il Diritto, la Cartografia, la Topografia, la Climatologia, & Co. Ciò consente allo studente universitario, all'Architetto, all'Ingegnere, nonché agli Amministratori pubblici e privati, ai risparmiatori, investitori ed intermediari immobiliari, di aggiornare le proprie conoscenze e competenze anche su quei beni economici immobiliari del Territorio e della Città, che avendo spiccati caratteri individuali, mancano di precisi ed attendibili riferimenti di mercato. Un capitolo dedicato alla storia ed all'attualità del "Catasto Fabbricati" riporta normative, circolari esplicative e prospetti aggiornati che permettono l'eliminazione della tradizionale ed esiziale discrezionalità nell'applicazione delle Norme Erariali. L'Oggettivizzazione e la Motivazione Probatoria del giudizio di valore è lo scopo principale che il presente testo si prefigge di perseguire, al fine di poter individuare quei valori che escludono le opinioni soggettive, i sentimenti, nonchè le passioni dell'estimatore e delle parti interessate.

Estimo Immobiliare Urbano & Elementi di Economia

Winner of the Professional/Scholarly Publishing Award in Economics from the Association of American Publishers Within a few months of assuming the position of curator of medieval coins at the American Numismatic Society in 1980, Alan M. Stahl was presented with a plastic bag containing a hoard of 5,000 recently discovered coins, most of which turned out to be from medieval Venice. The course of study of that hoard (and a later one containing more than 14,000 coins) led him to the Venetian archives, where he examined thousands of unpublished manuscripts. To provide an even more accurate account of how the Zecca mint operated in Venice in the thirteenth through fifteenth centuries, Stahl commissioned scientific analyses of the coins using a variety of modern techniques, uncovering information about their content and how they had been manufactured. The resulting book, Zecca: The Mint of Venice in the Middle Ages, is the first to examine the workings of a premodern mint using extensive research in original documents as well as detailed study of the coins themselves. The first of the book's three sections traces the coinage of Venice from its origins in the ninth century as a minor, and unofficial, regional Italian coinage to its position at the dawn of the Renaissance as the dominant currency of Mediterranean trade. The second section, entitled \"The Mint in the Life of Medieval Venice,\" illustrates the mechanisms of the control of bullion and the strategies for mint profit and explores the mint's role in Venetian trade and the emergence of a bureaucratized government. The third section, \"Within the Mint,\" examines the physical operations that transformed raw bullion into coins and identifies the personnel of the mint, situating the holders of each position in the context of their social and professional backgrounds. Illustrated with photos of Venetian coinage from the world's major collections, Zecca also includes a listing of all holders of offices related to the medieval Venetian mint and summaries of all major finds of medieval Venetian coins.

L'offerta didattica dell'estimo sul Web

This book is the first to investigate the practice of summary justice in a late medieval Italian commune. In delineating the political and social context of that development in late medieval Bologna, it also is the first to study the phenomenon of oligarchy not only at the level of the executive body of a commune, but also in the broader councils of commune and popolo, as well as among the ranks of the enfranchised political class. The dominant popolo party constructed itself through multiple forms of exclusion that deeply affected the administration of justice and led to the rise of new institutions of judicial appeal and equity. Exclusion also led to shifting concepts of the legal status and perceptions of social identity of insider and outsider, of popolano and magnate, as revealed in the testimony of witnesses in trial records. Bologna's rich archival sources make it possible to bring a new perspective to key issues in legal and social history.

Estimo immobiliare urbano ed Elementi di Economia

This volume derives from two symposia sponsored by the Center for Renaissance and Baroque Studies at the University of Maryland. In studies of Italy, France, England, Holland, and Spain that range from the fifteenth through the seventeenth centuries, it explores various aspects of Renaissance urban culture and urban identity.

Il nuovo estimo. Metodi e standard di stima immobiliare. Con CD-ROM

Like the United States today, Renaissance Florence and Victorian Britain were the richest, most dynamic economic systems of their times. Yet each succumbed to a fiscal crisis brought on by public debt and taxation and eventually fell into long-term economic decline. Now, public debt and taxation dominate the America policy agenda. Must the United States follow the same dismal pattern of fiscal crisis and economic decline? Mountains of Debt argues that it is not too late for the United States to change directions and suggests a comprehensive program for reform of American fiscal institutions that would reduce the deficit problem and at the same time reverse the long-term structural trends that are both the cause and the effect of the fiscal crisis today. Offering proposals for reducing the deficit, this new analysis could alter the current course of the United States economy.

Estimo rurale

The long awaited conclusion to the magisterial Money and Banking in Medieval and Renaissance Venice. Originally published in 1997. In 1985 Frederic C. Lane and Reinhold C. Mueller published the magisterial Money and Banking in Medieval and Renaissance Venice, volume 1: Coins and Moneys of Account. Now, after ten years of further research and writing, Reinhold Mueller completes the work that he and the late Frederic Lane began. The history of money and banking in Venice is crucial to an understanding of European economic history. Because of its strategic location between East and West, Venice rapidly rose to a position of preeminence in Mediterranean trade. To keep trade moving from London to Constantinople and beyond, Venetian merchants and bankers created specialized financial institutions to serve private entrepreneurs and public administrators: deposit banks, foreign exchange banks, a grain office, and a bureau of the public debt. This new book clarifies Venice's pivotal role in Italian and international banking and finance. It also sets banking—and panics—in the context of more generalized and recurrent crises involving territorial wars, competition for markets, and debates over interest rates and the question of usury.

Instituzioni pratiche per l'estimo de' beni stabili e mobili ed altre riguardanti il giudizio di perizia indirizzate a' giovani che vogliono abbracciare tal professione opera utile non solo alli medesimi ma ancora alli misuratori agrimensori ... di Tommasio Beria architetto misuratore ed estimatore dedicata all'ill.ma Città di Torino contessa di Grugliasco e signora di Beinasco

A collection of essays about marriage and the role of women in Renaissance Italy.

Discorso sul nuovo estimo de'terreni della pianura bolognese e cenno su quello della montagna, e sul catasto urbano

Long neglected by scholars, medieval and Renaissance Bologna is now recognized as a center of economic, political-constitutional, legal, and intellectual innovation, as the city that served as the cultural crossroads of Italy. The city's distinctive achievements and its transition from medieval commune to second largest city of the Renaissance Papal State is illuminated by essays that present the work of current historians, many made available in English for the first time, from the broadest possible perspective: from the material city with its porticoes, the conflicts that brought bloodshed and turmoil to its streets, the disputations of masters and

students, and to the masterpieces of artists who laid the foundations for Baroque art. See inside the book.

Zecca

This volume collects the best papers presented at the 2019 Conference SIEV (Italian Society of Appraisal and Valuation) on the Science of Evaluation foundations, actuality, and prospects. The book consists of twentysix papers and is organized into four parts: the first one collects reflections on the nature of the value judgement, on the truth of the evaluative statement, and on the authenticity its contents, the values; the next three present operational experiences in the three fields of natural, urban and cultural heritage where the knowledge of the value of the human space, supports decisions and policies, highlighting feature concerning: value and valuations in the dialectic between earth and the city; the value bearers between heuristic and normatively; the role of valuation for the complementarity of rules and creativity. The book is being published in the midst of the new radical transformations of the equilibrium between social system and environment generated by the serious and unexpected crises of the third decade of this century. Reflections on the reality that fills evaluative statement with truth – the reality of values – is more topical than ever in a historic phase in which the role of democracies and the destiny of civil coexistence is called into question, claiming the order of unamendable values like truth, justice and beauty. The book brings together experiences that focus on the "intentional evaluative consciousness" as a condition for the responsibility of the subject - individual and collective - concerning the saliences and urgencies most significantly contributing to the formation of orderly communities.

Politics and Justice in Late Medieval Bologna

This collection of interdisciplinary essays introduce the history and culture of the lands ruled by the sovereign house of Savoy during the late medieval and early modern periods, territories now part of France, Italy, and Switzerland. Because the Sabaudian realms were geographically, linguistically, and culturally diverse and did not evolve into a single modern nation-state, their early history has been overlooked by historians whose perspectives were often informed by a narrow, national framework. An international team of scholars offers new research that de-provincializes many of the existing rich scholarly assessments of the historical significance of these lands, which were important for rulers and subjects throughout early modern Europe. The volume explores the concept of "Sabaudian studies" and identifies historiographic developments and current trends in the field. Beginning with the geography and the history of the area, the essays examine Sabaudian political culture (diplomatic practice, judicial institutions, and political thought), dynastic representation (court festivals and celebrations, and the projection of dynastic prestige abroad, with attention to the sacred heritage of the house), and territorial domination (its fiscal, religious, feudal, and composite dimensions). Contributors include Eva Pibiri, Laurent Perrillat, Rebecca Boone, Alessandro Celi, Thalia Brero, Stéphane Gal and Preston Perluss, Michel Merle, Toby Osborne, Kristine Kolrud, Guido Alfani, Marco Battistoni, Matthew Vester, and Blythe Alice Raviola.

Urban Life in the Renaissance

Social mobility in the pre-industrial era has become a key topic in historiographical debate, with implications for the present. This volume examines the sources, methods, and dynamics of the phenomenon through both quantitative and qualitative approaches. The collection is structured into six areas: study methodologies, links with economic growth and inequality, geographical and demographic mobility, the impact of family structures and inheritance systems, dynamics of social decline, and the perception of mobility. The use of interdisciplinary tools provides new perspectives on understanding social trajectories in the past.

Istituzioni di estimo dettate in conformità dei programmi per gl'istituti tecnici del Regno d'Italia dall'ing. cav. Orlando Orlandini di Firenze In The Anxieties of a Citizen Class: The Miracles of the True Cross of San Giovanni Evangelista, Venice 1370-1480 Kiril Petkov identifies the socio-psychological preoccupations accompanying the formation of the leading commoner group of early Renaissance Venice, the cittadini originarii, as revealed in a cycle of miracles performed by a fragment of the True Cross owned by the brotherhood of San Giovanni Evangelista. The study's principal contention is that the miracles trace the evolution of the citizen elite from members of a large, fluid group of men of affairs to community managers to state servants. Each miracle highlights a stage of that process and the social anxieties engendered in the acquisition of a specific social identity.

Mountains of Debt

Italy designs, Italy builds, Italy is alive. Italy is constantly adding to its prestigious architectural tradition by stitching into its fabric the influences of modern architectural design. This book brings together the very best of Italian architecture: from the works of the great masters to the current generation's projects, illustrating everything with an array of pictures depicting the latest in Italian architecture. None of the works depicted in this volume are more than ten years old, and all of them have been built. Set out in terms of design - tradition, color, technology, transparency, context, material - this book is vital to anyone wishing to understand current trends in Italian architecture.

The Venetian Money Market

Beginning in the twelfth century, taxation increasingly became an essential component of medieval society in most parts of Europe. The state-building process and relations between princes and their subject cities or between citizens and their rulers were deeply shaped by fiscal practices. Although medieval taxation has produced many publications over the past decades there remains no synthesis of this important subject. This volume provides a comprehensive overview on a European scale and suggests new paths of inquiry. It examines the fiscal systems and practices of medieval Europe, including essential themes such as medieval fiscal theory and the power to tax; royal and urban taxation; and Church taxation. It goes on to survey the entire European continent, as well as including comparative chapters on the non-European medieval world, exploring questions on how taxation developed and functioned; what kinds of problems authorities encountered assessing their fiscal power; and the circulation of fiscal cultures and practices across cities and kingdoms. The book also provides a glossary of the most important types of medieval taxes, giving an essential definition of key terms cited in the chapters. The Routledge Handbook of Public Taxation in Medieval Europe will appeal to a large audience, from seasoned scholars who need a comprehensive synthesis, to students and younger scholars in search of an overview of this critical subject.

Marriage in Italy, 1300-1650

A Companion to Medieval and Renaissance Bologna